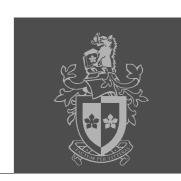


CENTRE FOR
ADVANCED
INTERNET
ARCHITECTURES

Teaching IP networking fundamentals in resource constrained educational environments

Grenville Armitage
Warren Harrop
(Jason But)

{wazz,garmitage,jbut}@swin.edu.au



G.Armitage, W.Harrop, "Teaching IP networking fundamentals in resource constrained educational environments," Australasian Journal of Educational Technology, Vol. 21, No. 2, pp. 263-283, May 2005.

Outline

- Introduction
- Teaching unix options
- What is "RULE" (Remote Unix Lab Environment)?
 - For students
 - For teachers
- RULE v2
- Conclusion



Introduction – the problem

- Pedagogical goals
 - Expose students to unix
 - Allow self directed access (flexible learning)
 - · Allow access from anywhere on the campus network
- Limitations
 - Existing Windows labs
 - Floor space



MCEC 2005

http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 3

Why use unix?

- Important in teaching Telecomms Engineering
 - Ability to modify network code implementation
 - Unix is typically very strong in network centric installations
 - "Hands-on experience" due to many unix-like operating systems being open-source
- Server operating system of choice
 - Unix is the most common OS for Apache web server, the most popular web server in the world
 - Unix is incredibly reliable (netcraft.com)
- Give a range of experiences



What is RULE?

(Remote Unix Lab Environment)

"Giving student(s) a (group of) PC(s) that can be accessed anywhere/anytime for advanced telecoms and computer science teaching"

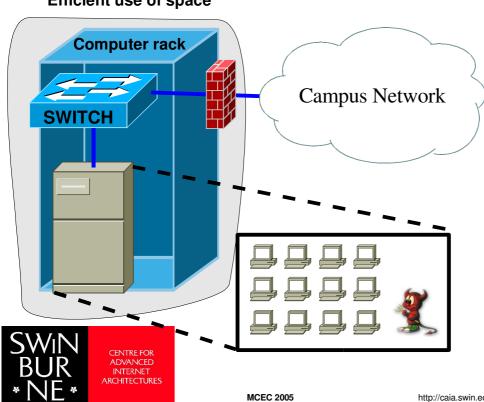


MCEC 2005

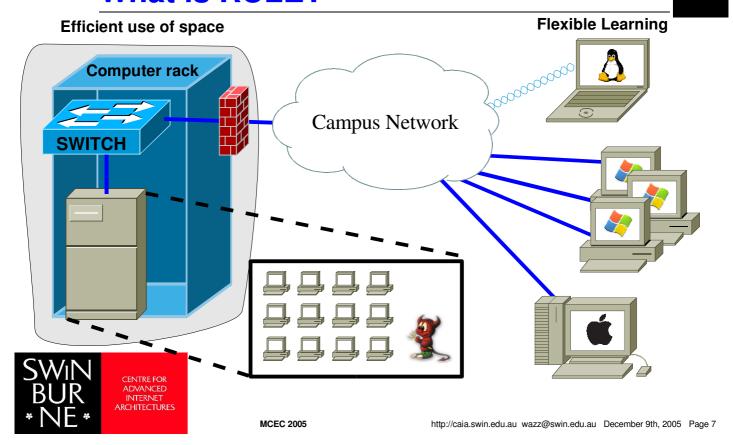
http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 5

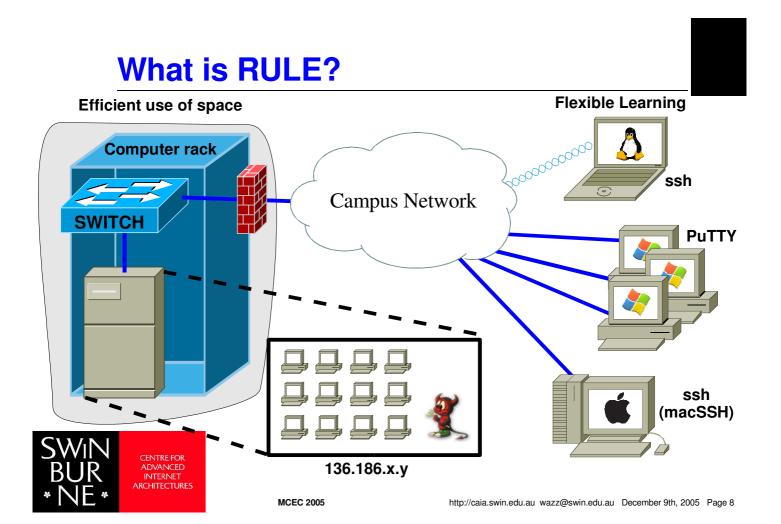
What is RULE?

Efficient use of space

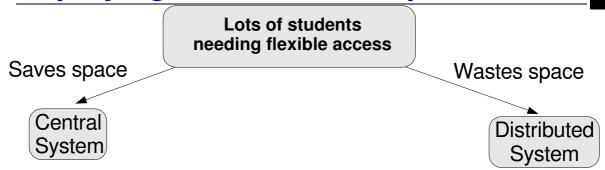


What is RULE?





Deploying unix access – options

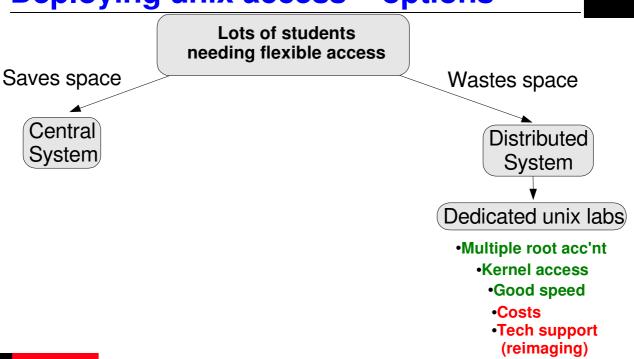




MCEC 2005

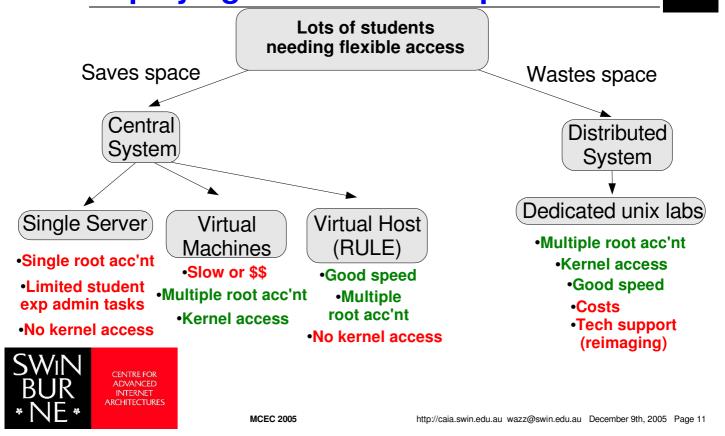
http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 9

Deploying unix access - options

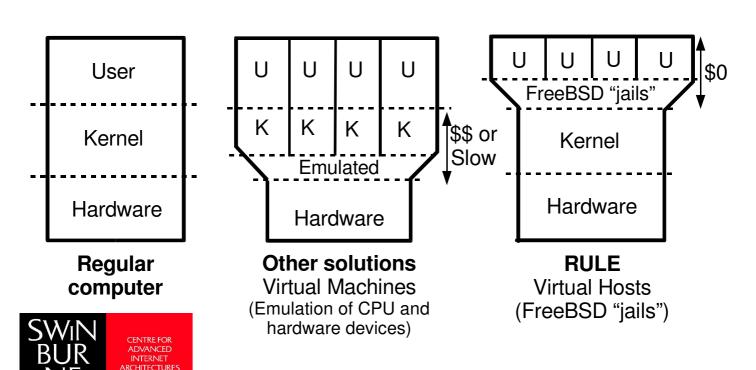




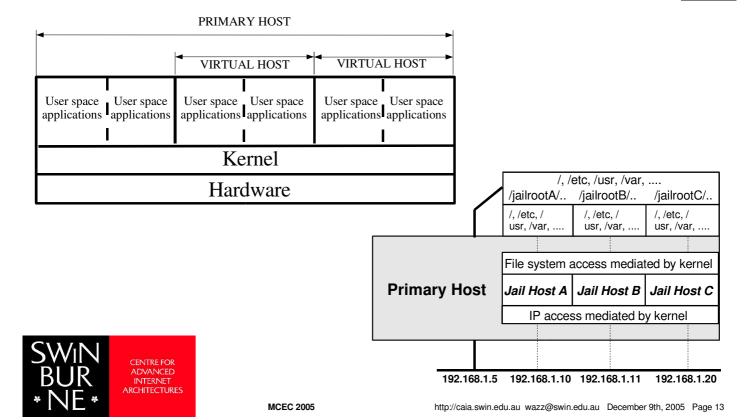
Deploying unix access – options



Using unix - background



Using unix – RULE



For students...

- Unix system access
- Flexible Learning
 - 24hr access
 - Internet-wide access
- Other advantages
 - "Sandbox" environment
 - Allows for experimentation
 - "Drop in" guidance by teaching staff



Teaching experiences

- Deployed within Telecoms Eng at Swinburne
- Lab sessions for HET436 '03, '03, '05
 - Introduction to unix
 - Configure a http (web) server
 - "thttpd" (tiny httpd)
 - Configure a http (web) proxy server
 - "tinyproxy"
 - Configure a Domain name server (DNS) server
 - Berkeley Internet Name Domain (BIND) "used on the vast majority of name serving machines on the Internet"



MCEC 2005

http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 15

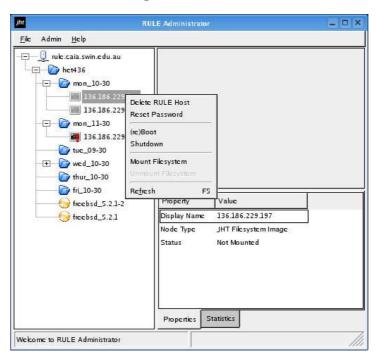
Teaching experiences

- Advantages to having virtual hosts
 - "Drop in" on student's servers provide help
 - · Overwrite files if needed
 - Automated "pickup" of work
 - Plagiarism detection
 - GUI management tool (JHT)...



JHT (Jail Host Toolkit) - Admin

• GUI app for administering virtual hosts





MCEC 2005

http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 17

RULE v2



Why RULE v2?

- Returning to our original goals...
 - "Giving student(s) a (group of) PC(s) that can be accessed anywhere/anytime for advanced telecoms and computer science teaching"
- Virtual host does not provide full functionality
 - As might be required for certain scenarios including telecomms and OS design – cannot modify OS
- If this was made possible
 - Students can now break the OS
 - Potential to create runaway system that generates large amounts of network traffic



MCEC 2005

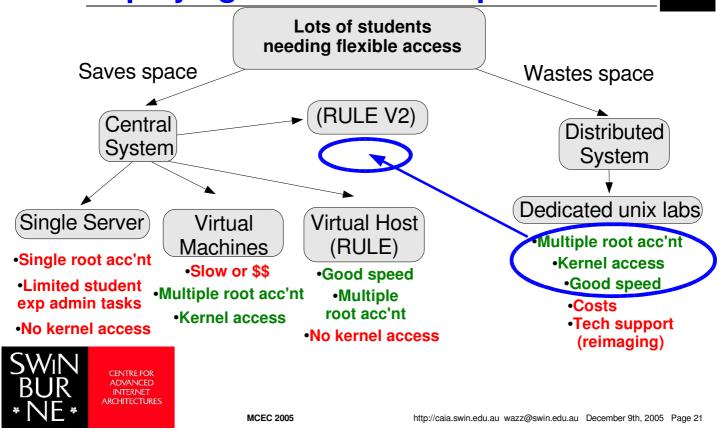
http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 19

Deploying unix access – options Lots of students needing flexible access Saves space Wastes space Central Distributed System, System **Dedicated unix labs** Single Server Virtual Host Virtual Multiple root acc'nt **Machines** (RULE) Single root acc'nt Kernel access •Slow or \$\$ Good speed Good speed Limited student Multiple root acc'nt Multiple exp admin tasks Costs root acc'nt Kernel access Tech support No kernel access

No kernel access

(reimaging)

Deploying unix access – options



RULE V2

- Use cheap, small footprint motherboards (Mini-ITX) to provide a "real" (not virtual) PCs
- Assign 1 (or more) PC to each (group of) student(s)
- Retain remote access advantages
 - Use existing Windows labs
 - · Access anywhere/anytime



Micro-PCs

- •12V DC
- Low power
- Low heat
- •HD or Flash Disk

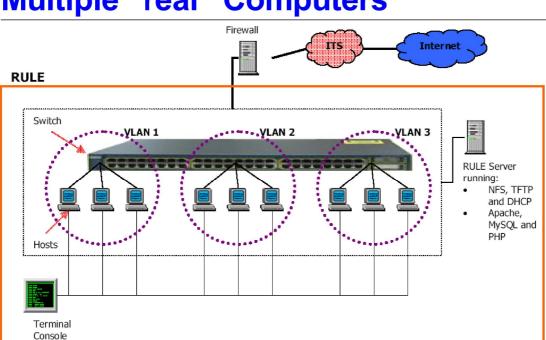




MCEC 2005

http://www.mini-itx.com/projects/cluster/
http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 23

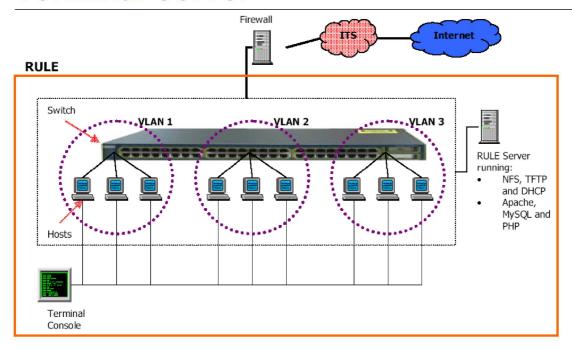
Multiple "real" Computers





Terminal Server





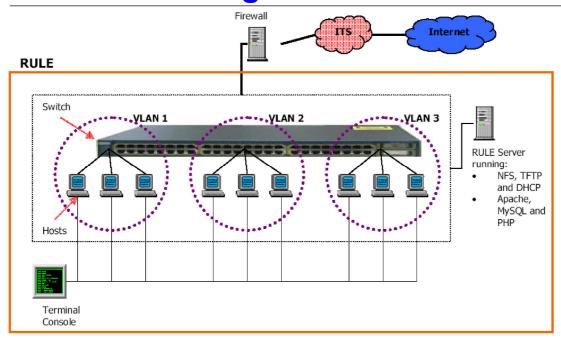


MCEC 2005

http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 25

Network Booting

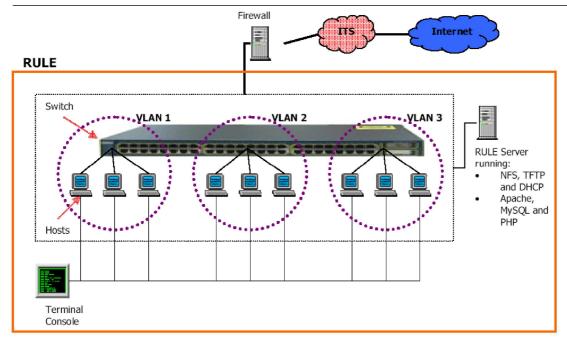






Firewall Protection







MCEC 2005

http://caia.swin.edu.au wazz@swin.edu.au December 9th, 2005 Page 27

Conclusion

- Teach IP networking fundamentals in unix context
 - Flexible learning & remote access
- Developed & Deployed RULE
 - Richer student experience than a central unix box
 - Easier to deploy & manage than dedicated unix labs
- RULE v2 under development
 - Improved flexibility, requires limited floor space, cheaper than dedicated labs
- Leverage investment in existing Win laboratories



http://www.caia.swin.edu.au/rule/

G.Armitage, W.Harrop, "Teaching IP networking fundamentals in resource constrained educational environments," Australasian Journal of Educational Technology, Vol. 21, No. 2, pp. 263-283, May 2005.

MCEC 2005